## Claims:

- 1-27. (Cancelled)
- 28. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting proliferation of non-leukemic, immortalized, mammalian cells which have telomerase by inhibiting such telomerase, the method comprising the step of:

administering to non-leukemic, immortalized, mammalian cells an effective amount of a non-polynucleotide inhibitor of said telomerase effective to inhibit telomerase-mediated extension of telomeres of said non-leukemic, immortalized, mammalian cells, wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor reduces primer extension in a telomerase activity assay.

- 29. (Cancelled)
- 30. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting proliferation of non-leukemic mammalian cancer cells which have telomerase, said method comprising:

contacting said non-leukemic mammalian cancer cells with a non-polynucleotide inhibitor of mammalian telomerase which inhibitor inhibits extension of telomeres under conditions wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor enters said cells and proliferation of said cells is inhibited, wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor reduces primer extension in a telomerase activity assay.

- 31. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 30 wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor inhibits telomerase-mediated extension of telomeres.
- 32. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 30 wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor is added to cells in culture.
- 33. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting proliferation of mammalian solid tumor cells which have telomerase, said method comprising the step of:

administering to said cells an amount of a non-polynucleotide inhibitor effective to inhibit extension of telomeres by said telomerase, wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor reduces primer extension in a telomerase activity assay.

- 34. (Cancelled)
- 35. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting the proliferation of mammalian solid tumor cells which have telomerase, said method comprising:

contacting said cells with a non-polynucleotide inhibitor of telomerase, which non-polynucleotide inhibitor inhibits extension of telomeres by telomerase under conditions wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor enters said cells and proliferation of said cells is inhibited, wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor reduces primer extension in a telomerase activity assay.

- 36. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 35 wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor is added to cells in culture.
- 37. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting proliferation of mammalian leukemic cells having telomerase, the method comprising administering to said mammalian leukemic cells an amount of a non-polynucleotide inhibitor of said telomerase, other than AZT, effective to inhibit extension of telomeres of said cells, wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor reduces primer extension in a telomerase activity assay.
- 38. (Previously presented) A method for inhibiting proliferation of immortalized mammalian cells which have telomerase, the method comprising the step of:

administering to said immortalized cells an amount of a non-polynucleotide inhibitor of telomerase, other than AZT, effective to inhibit telomerase-mediated extension of telomeres by said telomerase, wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor reduces primer extension in a telomerase activity assay.

39. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 38 wherein the immortalized cells are cancer cells.

- 40. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 39 wherein the cancer cells are solid tumor cells.
- 41. (Previously presented) A method according to any of claims 28, 30, 33,35, 37 and 38 wherein the mammalian cells are human cells.
- 42. (Previously presented) A method according to any of claims 29 and 33 wherein the mammalian telomerase is a human telomerase.
- 43. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting proliferation of non-leukemic, mammalian cancer cells *in vitro* by inhibiting telomerase, the method comprising the step of:

administering to culture non-leukemic, mammalian cancer cells an amount of a non-polynucleotide inhibitor of telomerase activity effective to inhibit extension of telomeres of said cells, wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor reduces primer extension in a telomerase activity assay.

- 44. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 43 wherein said cells are human cells.
- 45. (Previously presented) A method according to any of claims 28, 30, 33, 35, 37, and 38 wherein said non-polynucleotide inhibitor is a nucleoside analog.
- 46. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 45 wherein said nucleoside analog is dideoxyguanosine.
- 47. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting proliferation of mammalian cells which have telomerase activity, the method comprising:

administering an effective amount of a non-polynucleotide inhibitor of telomerase thereby inhibiting telomerase activity in said cells.

- 48. (Previously presented) The method of claim 47 wherein said cells are leukemic cells.
- 49. (Previously presented) The method of claim 47 wherein said cells are non-leukemic cells.
- 50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48 wherein said cells are solid tumor cells.
- 51. (Previously presented) The method of claim 47 wherein said cells are human cells.